Cervitec Plus fulfils expectations

The chlorhexidine varnish Cervitec Plus from Ivoclar Vivadent lives up to the “plus” in its name. Cervitec Plus is more effective than its predecessor Cervitec. This finding comes from a joint clinical study between the Central County Hospital of Halmstad, Sweden, and the University of Copenhagen, Denmark.

Cervitec Plus varnish from Ivoclar Vivadent contains chlorhexidine and thymol and features a new formulation and improved adhesive properties. Like its predecessor Cervitec, Cervitec Plus significantly reduces the number of bacteria in the mouth. Now, a joint study of the Central County Hospital of Halmstad, Sweden, and the University of Copenhagen, Denmark, has come to the conclusion that Cervitec Plus is more effective in fighting bacteria than its predecessor. The clinical study was carried out over an average period of 48 weeks. In the process, the number of cariogenic mutans streptococci bacteria and the development of caries in the fissures of permanent molars was investigated (Sköld-Larsson et al. 2009).

Adolescent test subjects
A total of 58 teenagers between the ages of 12 and 17 years of age wearing fixed orthodontic appliances took part in the double-blind study with a split-mouth design. One hundred and sixteen molar pairs were randomly divided into two groups: one group was treated with Cervitec, while the other group was treated with Cervitec Plus. The varnishes were applied at the beginning of the study and every six weeks thereafter. At regular intervals, the mutans streptococci-counts were evaluated with CRT bacteria (a microbiological caries risk test) and the occlusal laser fluorescence with DIAGNOdent from KaVo (laser-based caries diagnosis equipment). The findings were positive. Both varnishes significantly lowered the mutans streptococci-count in fissures and the number of bacteria remained at a low level even after the study ended. The superior effectiveness of the new Cervitec Plus varnish was reflected in the significant decrease of test subjects with high mutans streptococci-counts in the fissures of molars after six weeks (12 % vs 24 %) and after 12 weeks (16 % vs 26 %).

Study:

For further information, please contact

Ivoclar Vivadent AG
Bendererstr. 2
9494 Schaan
Principality of Liechtenstein
Tel.: +423 235 35 35
Fax: +423 235 33 60
E-mail: info@ivoclarvivadent.com
www.ivoclarvivadent.com
Fig 1: Patients (in %) with high mutans streptococci-counts ($\geq 10^5$ CFU) in the fissures of permanent molars at baseline and after the application of Cervitec and Cervitec Plus. The test subjects were young adults with fixed orthodontic appliances. The differences between the baseline and follow-ups were statistically significant in both groups (Chi-square Test, $p<0.05$) (Sköld-Larsson et al. 2009).

Fig 2: Application of the Cervitec Plus varnish (Picture courtesy of Prof. Dr. Svante Twetman)

Media contact:
Lorenzo Rigliaco
Public Relations Manager
Ivoclar Vivadent AG
Bendererstrasse 2
9494 Schaan
Principality of Liechtenstein
Tel.: +423 235 36 98
Fax: +423 235 36 33
E-mail: lorenzo.rigliaco@ivoclarvivadent.com